ESTABLISHED AUGUST 24, 1852.

SOUTHERN POLITICS

The Solid South and the Republican Party's Mission.

A WEST VIRGINIA EDITOR

States the True Situation to a Northern Paper-A Practical View. The Situation in This State. Prohibition Question, &c.

POSTLAND, MAINE, May 10.-The Daily Press publishes the following: Mr. Charles Burdett Hart, the editor Wheeling INTELLIGENCER, the great Republican paper of West Virginia, is in Maine examining the workfor the campaign on a constitutional ing on in his own State. Mr. Hart is one of the leaders of his party in his State. He is also Commissioner of Im-migration for West Virginia, a posi-

those who have other preferences such Before the letter I think we should have deserved no special credit for bringing together once more a solid Blaine delegation, for that would have been simply to give expression to the sentiment of the party. To-day we are all very much at sea, though personally I look for the nom/uation of Mr. Blaine."

the political condition of the South, with

the North, Mr. Hartsaid:
"No candid Southern man will deny
what exists as to the suppression of the
colored vote. I have recently had an ood opportunity to feel the ago Friday I left Hot Springs, M-considerable resort in the moun-if Western North Carolina, where as president of the West Virginia of Immigration to take part in a ution of the eleven Southern east of the Mississippi river, invention was signed by the man-of 21 railroads operating in the —indeed I may say covering all sent their several States in the convention I may say here, and it is a necessary part of the reply I shall make to your general inquiry, that it may be doubted if there has been since the war so thoroughly representative a gathering of Southern men. They represented, for example, the oldest families, long influential in the politics of the South—Gov. Fitzhugh Leaved Viginia, whose name was never the odities of the South—Gov. Fitzhugh the of Virginia, whose name was never mentioned without cheers; the Government of Georgia, who has a warm place in the hearts of all Southern men, and who is referred to as the Knightly Gordon, Governor Richardson, of South Carolina, who represents the fourth generation of governors in his own family, the Democratic party, and calling themselves Democrats, are very largely on the Democratic party, and calling themselves Democrats, are very largely on the local conditions acting with the Democratic party, and calling themselves Democrats, are very largely on the side of protection, but just as firmly as any of the rest of them opposed to negro rule, and just as determined to Prevent it.

"This element which I have andeavorwhole on the local conditions acting with the South, though he well knew, as he said, that the South waged in the prevent it.

"This element which I have andeavorwhole on the local conditions are the prevent it."

"This element which I have andeavorwhole on the local conditions are the prevent it."

of the South, and we had no trouble to agree that they are great enough to induce in five years such a tide of immigration as would increase fourfold the present population; we agreed that this influx of population is highly desirable, not only to swell the population, but that the newcomers may teach the natives how to make the best use of the natural resources with which the South is endowed; we agreed that whenever a Northern man may settle in the South he will be well received, subject to certain conditions.

"You ask me what these conditions

in these Southern States where the negro question has been solved in this way? No, according to the letter of the constitution jyes, according the composition of human nature. And perhaps I may go farther and say yes, according to the spirit of the constitution, for I do not suppose that the framers of that instrument ever so much as contemplated that they were devising a machine to place the government of any State in the hands of its ignorance and its vice. Do you suppose that the people of any Northern State would submit to this? Would Pennsylvania, would Massachusetts, would Illinois? Through their Republican press, and on their Republican stump, and also on the floor of Congress, they ask us to do it, and they denounce us as revolutionists, even as murderers, because we will not submit to it. When they come to do their voting, we fall to find that they have made that demand through the ballot boxes. Do you suppose that if the newspapers, the stumpers, and the ballot boxes. Do you suppose that if the newspapers, the stumpers, and the ballot boxes. Do you suppose that if on this question would be confronted with a divided North? From the fact that the North is divided on this question, I infer that the sober sense of that section does not regard us as

migration for these vilginia, a post-tion which gives him an excellent knowl-and it condones that offence which is edge of the needs and demands of the state of public senti- the majority in these Southern States in rights of American fishing vessels, etc.

hair splitting. There was also a marked feeling in fayor of all kinds of internal improvements. Perhaps out of the whole number twenty men at various times volunteered to say to me, that if there had to be a Republican they preferred Mr. Blaine now, as they did four years ago, because they regarded him as the ablest advocate of the doctrine of protection, and because they had a sympathetic interest in his Nouth American policy, and very much desired to see what results he could bring out of it, and believed that such a policy conservatively planned and sustained long enough to give it a fair trial would produce results beneficial to the whole country. Some of those gentlemen went so far as to say fair trial would produce results beneficial to the whole country. Some of those gentlemen went so far as to say that, in view of the free trade message and general policy of President Clevelland, if he and Mr. Blaine were nominated they were not sure but they would support Mr. Blaine. 'But, said one of them,' do not understand that Isshould do that as a Republican. I should do it as a protectionst, and to record my protest against free trade. At the same time I should be just as unwilling as 1 am now to have my State under negro

Illia Enimence, Card and Suttlement and a saw yof the rest of themsophers are served with the South swaged an account of the South chough the South chough the South chough the South chough the South swaged an account of the South chough the South chough the South swaged an account of the South chough the South swaged and suppress of the South chough the South swaged and suppress of the South chough the South swaged and suppress of the South swaged swaged and swaged and swaged and swaged and swaged swaged and swaged and swaged and swaged and swaged swaged and swaged

feel all this, but I ask,

WHAT AND WE GOING TO DO ABOUT IT?

What did we do when we had a Republican President on the line of this constitutional and moral reform, for it is both? What did President Grant do about it? Hayes, Garfield and Arthur? What could either do with such a situation? If a Republican President has assumed that a state of revolution existed and tried to describe the would say to the friends of his constitution in taxation that his people would not shrink from bearing their share in the reduction of the taxes now imposed upon the people.

Mr. Johnston, of Indiana, asked if the gentleman was willing to put sugar on the free list.

Mr. Wilkinson responded in the negative.

Mr. Johnson asked if it would not be used to be "You ask me what these conditions, "You ask me answer you by recounting briefly a conversation with one very intelligent man, whose view, I assure you, is that of all intelligent and progressive whits men of the South, This gentlem as said to me, 'in West Virginia you stand in a such better position that name of the South, which compelled the rest of us to make a successful cross of population, for you have so of you have in a way found a solution for it is freely admit to you, that we are well aware that the solution which we have in a way found a solution for it is freely admit to you, that we are well aware that the solution which we have in a way form the singular moral personal stars to the liking of Northern people generally, though I have not perceived on the part of any Northern Democrats any reluctance to accept the results of victor to see constitution of the South, which was the spann of the rest of us to make a successful severally though the very some of the South, which we have in a way found a solution for it a Republican President has a state of revolution extend the date of the ladies' Concluder the had not on the part of any Northern Democrats any reluctance to the South, which was the spann of the South, which was the spann of the South, which we have in a way found a solution for it as the proposition to place wood on the free list.

Mr. Johnson asked if it would not be as just as the proposition to place wood on the free list.

Mr. Wilkinson replied that he had not on the just can be down. He was the spann of the bary of the two five woods on the free list.

Mr. Buttern and progression that and with on during called that to advocate free wool. In word of the South, Mr. Davis expressed great will appear have the substitute of the ladies' Concluder the bary called that he had not of the North, not the bary called that he had not of the South, will be sentiment to advocate free wool. In which we have the spann and threats and general turbule of the Mr. Wilkinson repeal that he had not on the p

WHEELING, W. VA., FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 11, 1888. THE FISHERIES TREATY

drying winds and some frost, have re-

duced the condition of winter wheat in

Instructed Them for Blaine.
Asheville, N. C., May 10.—The Ninth

District Republican Convention to-day

chose delegates to the Chicago Conven-tion and instructed them for Blaine.

Presbyterian Missionary Society.

ciety met and discussed at length the

the fields, what is their condition? Mrs T. E. Carson, Baltimore, Md. Second,

NEW ORLEANS, La., May 10.-The

Times-Democrat Mississippi City special

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 10 .- Th The Majority of the Senate Com-May report of the Department of Agriculture, issued to-day, says that the low temperature and deficient rainfall, with mittee Against It.

THE PRESIDENT CRITICISED

For His Failure to Furnish Informa tion on Such an Important Subject-The Minority Favor the Passage of the Treaty.

berger resolution for the open discussion of the fisheries treaty, or the Hoar reso phically taken down for future publication. The subject went over un

85.4 in May.

The averages of winter wheat in the principal States are as follows: New York, 76: Pennsylvania, 87; Virginia, 90; Ohio, 56; Michigan, 64; Indiana, 94; Illinois, 57; Missouri, 80; Kansas, 94; Texas, 90. Winter rye remains very nearly as in April, the average being 92.9 instead of 93.5. The condition of winter barley, is 88.3 wennising a medium crop. The majority of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations in reporting adversely the resolution for the ratification of 93.5. The condition of winter barley is 88.3, promising a medium crop.
Spring plowing is not quite so well advanced as usual. It is relatively later in the more Northern States of the Atlantic coast, slightly later than usual in the Middle States, and scarcely up to a full average in the South. Its progress is an average in the Ohio Valley, but late in the Northwest, especially in Dakota.

An investigation of the rate of wages of agricultural labor shows that no material change has occurred since the last previous inquiry, in May, 1887. There is a slight increase in New England, in the northern tier of States from Michigan westward, and in some of the Southern States. There is no appreciable of the fisheries treaty refer to the passage of the act of March 3, 1887, "to authorize edge of the needs and demands of the known as the suppression of the will of the President to protect and defend the

and it condones that offences which is older he needs and demands of the Sagah, and of the state of publical questions, stage, and of the state of publical questions, staged, and of the state of publical questions, staged, and of the state of publical questions, staged, and of the state of publical questions, staged to the president to protect and defends the braid property of question in the public of publical questions. We have been not proved the publical questions, and the publical questions, and

risit and carry on their business in the the nation. I believe that the Pennsylgreat bays, and the principle of which vania delegation, if united, can secure claim and right has once been decided the nomination of whomsoever they claim and right has once been decided against Great Britain by a tribunal organized under a treaty with that Government. The new area of delimitation described in the treaty greatly increases the danger of our fishermen unintentionally invading prohibited waters, and thereby exposing them to the seizures and penalties. The treaty is a complete surrender of any claim of a right now existing either under the treaty of 1783, the treaty of 1818, the acts of Congress, and the British orders in the council of 1850.

The minority say: In accepting the paper sent to the Senate by the President as a treaty and by referring the same to its committee the Senate have virtually waived any informality, if there is any, in the negotiations and signing of the instrument, and the undersigned conceive that the whole duty of the committee was to consider the report upon the merits of the treaty. The undersigned believe that it is better for our country that the treaty should be milied and they are equally convinced that the the laborers, who are they? Mrs. John Hastings, Indiana, Pa. Third, the implements, how to use them, Mrs. A. S. Vincent, Springhill, Ind. Fourth, the wages, who shall receive them, Miss Mary Vance, Wheeling, W. Va. Fifth, the sheaves, who shall bear them, Miss Lazzie Waddle, Kenton, Ohio.

The effertuent resision was opened and they are equally convinced that the entire class of our people, who are ac-tively engaged in our North Atlantic fishing industry, will be benefitted by The afternoon session was opened with prayer by Mrs. Stewart, of Stewart's Station. The following of

THE TARIFF DEBATE.

with prayer by Mrs. Steven, officers were station. The following officers were elected to serve the ensuing year: President, Mrs. T. E. Carson, Baltimore; first vice president, Mrs. Gfffin, Egypt; vice president, Mrs. R. J. Smith, Wooster, Ohio; Treasurer, Miss E. Sloan, Pittsburgh; secretary, Mrs. Robert Elliott, Philadelphia, The next annual meeting will be held at Argyle, N. Y. Manube offerings were handed in by the Washington, May 10.-The House after transacting some miscellaneous

AMERICA IS ON TOP.

A Great English Trust is Made to Squeal

BECAUSE PROTECTION RULES.

duced the condition of winter wheat in the Central States. It has also been cool on the Atlantic coast and not favorable to improvement, and yet the plant has nearly held its own in this section. On the Pacific coast only a medium development is reported. In the Southern States changes are slight, several averages being the same as last month. Pennsylvania shows a decline of 4 points; New York, 16; Ohio, 12; Michigan, 12; Indiana, 6; Illinois, 7; Missouri, 2; Kansas, 3. The general average is reduced 9 points, from 82 to 73. Last year's condition was reduced from 88.1 in April to 85.4 in May.

The averages of winter wheat in the Stop Sales to America" is Their Cry They Want Swedish Iron Kept perior Steel we Make.

PITTSBURGH, May 10 .- The Chronicle Telegraph has the following: "Stop sales to America."

That was the close of a dispatch upon

the manufacture of fine steel.

But, to the tale. Away back in 1872, the firm referred to saw the necessity of securing better iron than could be had in this country as a base for high grade steel, and it was proposed that Swedieh iron be obtained from England. But one of the members of the firm who had worked in English milk and know that worked in English mills and knew that

one of the members of the firm who had worked in English mills and knew that poor English iron was given the Swedish brand and palmed off on the American public, objected that it would be unsafe to import on orders.

Accordingly another member was sent to Europe to see to securing the genuine metal. When he reached England he found that the Sheffield steel men had a complete monopoly of the best Swedish iron and practically of the mine from which the ore was dug. They made five-year contracts for it and had the owners of the mine bound not to lift a pound of ore for any person else. They had formed what in these days would be called a trust, and had absolute control of a mine to all appearances inexhaustible in its wealth of ore.

The Pittsburgher, after seeing the situation in England, set out for Sweden, where he visited the iron-producing centers, and talked with the men about the United States as a future market for their few. These could not see things.

looked. He then went to the mine in question at Dannemora, a parish twenty-three miles north of the city of Upsels, went down into it and inspected its immense resources, which the English had monopolized. Meantime he was turning an idea. Going to Stockholm, he talked with the iron merchants, and in the course of his talk wanted to know if there was not some one who had ore rights in the mine and who could manufacture on his own account. They knew of no one, but at his count. They knew of no one, but at his count. They knew of no one, but at make diligent inquiry on that point. He came home and soon afterward received a letter from one of the merchants, saying that such a person as sought for had been found. He owned a little, old disused

and fifty tons a year. The offer was accepted, the Pittsburghers planked down their gold in London for bills of exchange in which all payments for the iron were to be made, and shipments be-

gan. They have been coming ever many Not many years after the shipments began, the five year contracts made by the English for this Swedish iron ceased, the English for this Swedish iron ceased, and there was an abundance of it to be had in the English markets. The monopoly had been broken. The American market for fine steel had been wrested from the grasp of the English and they no longer had use for all the iron from the famous mine.

The last contract of the Pittsburghers with the Swede will expire shortly, and day before yesterday a letter was received from the micontaining a telegraphic dispatch from the English who formerly WASHINGTON, PA., May 10.—This norning the Women's Missionary Sofollowing branches of missions: First.

the laborers, who are they? Mrs. John dispatch from the English who formerly monopolized the iron. The dispatch was an offer to take all the iron pro-duced, and it wound up with the words quoted at the head of this article;

was an oneduced, and it wound up was
quoted at the head of this article;
"Stop sales to America."
What does that mean? That the English are watching the progress of the
Mills bill, are expecting it to pass; meanthe while they propose to renew their
monopoly of the iron essential to the
manufacture of fine steel, and when the
the tariff bars are let down by the bill becoming a law, they will pour their protal duct in on the American market and
swamp their American market and
swamp their American rivals. That is

what the trouble was. One of the
ruffians answered, "We'll show you what
the trouble is," and, drawing a revolver,
and three shots at the officer. His comand three shots at the officer. His comand way.

CHICAGO, May 10 .- A dispatch from Times-Democrat Mississippi City special says: A committee of the ladies' Confederate Monument Association yesterday called on Mr. Jefferson Davis and invited him to participate in the ceremony of laying the corner stone of the Confederate monument at Jackson on the 20th inst. Mr. Davis expressed great willingness and desire to be present and will attend if the state of his health permits. San Francisco says: Charles R. Bachman, steward of the English ship Brus-

REV. DR. DRUMMOND DEAD. Minister Well Known in West Virgin

pecial Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CADIZ, O., May 10.—Rev. Dr. James place this morning, aged eighty four years. He was a prominent minister o the M. E. church for a period of fifty-two years, serving as delegate to five General conference delegate to five General conferences during that time. He was a member of the West Virginia Conference from 1851 to 1865, four years of which time, from 1861 to 1865, he resided in the city of Wheeling, serving as presiding elder for three years, and as Chaplain in the United States Hospital in 1895. He will be remembered by many of the older citizens of Wheeling and also of Moundsville, Fairmont and Morgantown, having spent three years of his That was the close of a dispatch upon which hangs a tale. The tale is one which should interest and instruct every one concerned in the protection of American industry, and especially the gentlemea in Washington who have to deal with the Mills bill.

The dispatch was received a day or two ago by the head of one of the chief establishments in Pittsburgh engaged in the manufacture of fine steel.

THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

'esterday's Proceedings at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., May 10 .- At the opening of the Medical Association to-day, the secretary read a series of resolutions adopted by the Arkansas State Medical Association, which, in the strongest possible terms, denounced quackery, and the journals, especially the religious journals, who sold their advertising space to quacks and humbugs calling themselves physicians. The paper was

metal. When he reached England he found that the Sheffield steel men had a complete monopoly of the best Swedish iron and practically of the mine from which the ore was dug. They made if we year contracts for it and had the owners of the mine bound not to lift a pound of ore for any person else. They had formed what in these days would be called a trust, and had absolute control of a mine to all appearances inexhaustic ble in its wealth of ore.

The Pittsburgher, after seeing the situation in England, set out for Sweden, where he visited the iron-producing centers, and talked with the men about the United States as a future market for their iron. They could not see things as he did, believing that England was been did, believing that England was as he did, believing that England was as he did, believing that England was as he did, believing that England was been did, believing that England was as he did, believing that England was as he did, believing that England was been did, believing that England was as he did, believing that England was as he did, believing that England was been did, believing that England was as he did, believing that England was a

SACRIFICED HER HUSBAND. Wife who was Thought to be Dead Turn

Up After Many Years.
CHICAGO, May 10.—A special from Nebraska City, Neb., says: In 1859 John B. Craddock and Miss Mary A. Wilkes were married in Brown well, Staffordshire

England. In 1864, they became converted to the Mormon faith, came to America and made their way to Salt America and made their way to Salt Lake City, the wife going ahead with a wagon train of emigrant women. When Craddock arrived at Salt Lake he could find no trace of his wife, who it seems, was kept in captivity for several months by a Mormon elder. She finally escaped, and falling to find her husband, returned to England in 1898. Craddock meanto England in 1866. Craddock mean-while was informed that his wife was

this city. His first wife, eight months ago learn-His first wile, eight months ago learned of his whereabouts from letters written by Craddock to relatives in England.
She came to this city recently and after
talking the matter over relinquished all
claim and left yesterday for Philadelphia,
from which place she will sail for her
English house.

FATALLY WOUNDED. rglars Put Five Bullets in a Chicag

obably fatally shot last night by the

panion also drew a revolver and fired three shots, after which they ran away. One bullet struck Nolan in the abdomen, One bullet struck Nolan in the abdomen, another broke his right arm, a third entered his right leg, and two others carried away a part of the right ear and grazed his forehead. The officer dragged himself to a patrol box and helpsoon arrived. Nolan was taken to Mercy Hospital, where he lies in a critical condition. The only one of the gang found around the premises when searched by the possesses when the possesses were the possesses when the possesses where the possesses when the possesses when the possesses where the possesses where the the premises when searched by the po-lice was John Dugan, who was found lying on the front steps of the house, in side a storm door, with a pistol by his side. Another member of the gang es-caped by jumping out of a second-story window.

The Alabama Sheriff Left.

VINCENNES, IND., May 10 .- A writ of habeas corpus was granted in the case of Montgomery, the embarrassed lumber dealer at Olney, Ill., yesterday, and he dealer at Olney, Ill., yesterday, and he will be taken to Springfield for trial before the United States Court. Rosser, the Alabama Sheriff, and Higgins, the Sheriff of Richland county, came near having a serious quarrel over the prisoner, and talk of shooting and other violent measures was indulged in. Higgins refused to surrender Montgomery on Governor Oglesby's order, and, with the assistance of Montgomery's attorneys, kept the Alabama sheriff at bay while Attorney Wilson hurried to Springfield and secured a writ of habeas corpus from Judge Allen. The Alabama lumber firm's loss will reach \$100,000.

\$100,000.

CINCINNATI, May 10 .- It has been de-

ermined to raise Newport barracks to a new dignity. As the historic locality new dignity. As the historic locality is now to be abandoned and the new site lies on heights overlooking the city, it has been determined to make it a resting place for troops that have been in active duty. The new location will be named Fort Hancock, and its capacity will be sufficient to accommodate two regiments. That number of troops will probably be kept here all the time.

Hurry up that Building. CHICAGO, May 10 .- A dispatch fro Tower, Minn., savs: "The Hinsdale granite quarries, which have been supplying the stone for the auditorium building in Chicago, have stopped work and it is thought this will prevent the building from being finished in time for the Republican National Convention, which was to be held there."

THE GRAND OLD MAN

Receives the Sympathy of Thousands of Dissenters.

HIS IRISH POLICY ENDORSED

And His Patriotic Response-Parnel Loses Some of His Following. The Emperor's Condition. Other Foreign News.

Parnellites, despite the pressing needs of Ireland, had refrained from urging their claims and had assisted the government to expedite business. Whether or not Parliament was employed at this or that given time in discussing Ireland, it was Ireland alone that truly held the key to the legislation. The Government knew that the Nation was with Home Rule and therefore guided the affairs of Rule and therefore gines the analysis of Parliament so as to delay the time when a minority would be in power pledged to propose Home Rule for Ireland. The majority in the House of Commons thought they could go on for five years. They put this against his life as an old man, but the life of an old or young man would not affect the final settlement.

The Standard says that Mr. Parnell's lisavowal of the plan of campaign has offended a section of his followers. Earl Spencer, in a speech at Guilford last night, said he did not know any one who could take any exception to Mr. Parnell's programme. The only course open was to subscribe to its sentiments.

Strange Stories Affoat in Londo

counts of the German Emperor's condition strangely differ. Advices to the dition strangely differ. Advices to the Foreign Office here say that the Emperor is absolutely incapable of transacting business, and that he is delirious nearly all the time. His situation is said to be very similar to that of President Garfield when the latter was suffering from pyemia. President Garfield was nearly a month in dying after his mind gave

Berlin, May 10.—Emperor Frederick ssed a good night. He is without fever, takes ample nourishment and is in spirits. His Majesty arose at 11 o'clock and reclined on the sofa in the study. The canula lies comfortably.

TERRIBLE TRIPLE TRAGEDY In Illinois-A Man Murders Two Men ar

triple tragedy was enacted in the country near here last evening. Henry Miller and William Oderholt, farmer had a law suit over a trivial matter, and even. After the trial Miller, true to his word, shouldered his rifle and went to the field where L. C. Kinsey, one of Oderholt's witnesses, was plowing. Miller first killed Kinsey's horse and then shot Kinsey twice, indicting mortal would. There the belower went.

then shot Kinsey twice, indicting mortal wounds. They the slayer went to another field where Oderholt was at work. Oderholt's horse was first slain by Miller, and then Oderholt himself. It is supposed that Kinsey and Oderholt attempted to shield themselves behind their horses. When the revenge was complete Miller proceeded to the hut, which served as his home, and after setting to the place blow his brains out. Miller was a foreigner, 40 years old, and lived alone. Kinsey and Oderholt were among the most respected citizens of the among the most respected citizens of the

Boston, May 10.-A special from Worester says that with Hamm yesterday, cester says that with Hamm yesterday,
Teemer rowed secretly over the college
course, three miles with a turn, to beat
Hanlan's time. Teemer dashed off at
lightning speed. Hamm accompanied
and coached him for a mile, and then
let the champion go alone to complete
the distance. Teemer turned the
stake in 9.30. After rounding the stake
he forced the shell through the water at
terrific speed. He finished in exactly
19 minutes and 4 seconds. This knocks could beat the Toronto sculler's record twenty seconds.

CINCINNATI, O., May 10 .- The local Committee of Arrangements for the annual convention and reunion in Cincin-nati on June 7 and 8 of the Benevolen housand are expected. The press com mittee has made special arrangements for the entertainment of newspaper men.

Ohio Sons of Veterans.

\$250,000 in gold for shipment to Europe.

It is probable that the tariff debate in the House of Representatives will be the House of Representatives will be extended until Saturday week,

The dedication of the new Texas Capitol building will take place next Wednesday with grand and imposing

Cashier Henry F. Royce, of the Wil-liamantic, Conn., Savings Institution, has been arrested for alleged falsification Republican conventions in four Con-

Republican conventions in four Congressional districts in Kings county, New York, elected delegates who are pronounced for Blaine.

The West Virginia Central & Pittsburgh Western Railway with \$1,650,000 gold bonds, was listed on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday.

Enoch McMahon, a wealthy farmer, near Summitville, Ind., and an employe were burned to death yesterday in a fire that destroyed McMahon's residence.

In the Tennessee Democratic Conven-

that destroyed McMahon's residence.

In the Tennessee Democratic Convention a resolution censuring Cleveland for keeping Republicans in office was tabled. The President was then endorsed and St. Louis delegates elected.

His last joyous note. How we will misses for in the early misses in the little cheery voice in the early misses was tabled. If it wasn't for your little baby now, we could sleep plum up to the ringing of the breakfast bell."

A CATHEDRAL DESTROYED n Baffalo by the Explosion of Natural Gas.

Other Disasters.
Buppalo, N. Y., May 10.—To-day was one in Buffalo. A number of explosions

of natural gas occurred almost simultapressure, and caused widespread excite-

pressure, and caused widespread excitement, besides destroying the first church in Buffalo and doing other damage.

St. Paul's Cathedral, the pride and glory of Buffalo, is in ruins. The entire interior is burned out, the roof is gone, but the strong stone walls and graceful spire remain. spire remain.
At 9:20 o'clock flames were seen burst

London, May 10.—An address signed by 3,730 dissenting ministers was presented to Mr. Gladstone yestesday, expressing their sympathy with him in his efforts to reconcile England and Ireland. In reply to the address Mr. Gladstone said that during the present session the Parnelling despite the pressing needs.

At 9:20 o'clock flames were seen bursing out of the fine stained glass windows of the church, at the junction of Main and Eric streets, and instantly most of the interior was a mass of flames. An explosion had occurred in the basement, the furnace being supplied with natural gas, and the force was so great as to tear off and blow out the heavy doors on the Eric and Pearl street side.

People ran to see what was the matter.

Erie and Pearl street side.

People ran to see what was the matter and a few entered the vestibule of the church only to be driven back by the flames. An alarm was at once turned in, to which the fire department quickly responded, but when they arrived nothing could be done to save the interior of the stately edifice, as the flames were bursting from every window. Streams were quickly brought to bear with but little effect, and the fire in a few moments had reached the heavily few moments had reached the heavily timbered roof. In half an hour from

timbered roof. In half an hour from the time of discovery the interior of the noble church was completely destroyed. The fire was undoubtedly caused by an explosion of natural gas, as no smoke or signs of fire were seen until after the great doors had been blown into the street. The Rey. Dr. Brown retires from the rectorship next month to assume charge of St. Thomas Church, New York.

The church was valued at about \$250,000. The insurance on the building is

The church was valued at about \$250,000. The insurance on the building is \$55,000, about \$3,000 on the memorial windows, and about \$2,000 on the organ, About the same time an explosion of natural gas occurred in the kitchen of Dr. R. V. Pierce's hotel, 663 Main street. The gas was turned off, but for some unaccountable reason a second explosion occurred, which shattered the windows and smashed things generally. Michael Brummer, foreman of hook and ladder No. 1, was quite seriously hurt about the forehead. The greatest excitement prevailed among the hundreds of lady clerks and employes for a time but no one was injured. The loss on the hotel is estimated at \$1,000.

At least a dozen other explosions oc-curred at different points throughout the

MARYLAND DEMOCRATS.

BALTIMORE, May 10.—The Democratic State Convention was called to order to day at Ford's Opera House by Hon Stevenson Archer, Chairman of the State Central Committee. Col. H. Kyd Douglas was unanimously chosen to

Douglas was unanimously chosen temporary chairman.

Col. Douglas paid a tribute to President Cleveland. He said that four years ago Grover Cleveland was an experiment; today his nomination was a duty, and made sure by the sincere affection and appreciation of the American people.

A committee was then appointed on credentials. The entire time of the committee thus far has been occupied in the Anne Arundel contest.

The platform will say that it is fitting at the close of the third year of President Cleveland's term to acknowledge his services, and claims that an adverse majority in the Senate has prevented him from carrying into effect those legislative reforms to which he was pledged, and has so earnestly desired to achieve,

islative reforms to which he was pledged, and has so earnestly desired to achieve, but he has made compensation for this loss by his wise, honest and capable administration of his duties as President. Section 2 concludes as follows: "We declare our preference for Grover Cleveland as his own successor in the office of President of the United States; and we instruct the delegates to this Democratic National Convention at St. Louis to cast their unanimous vote for him as to cast their unanimous vote for him as the Democratic candidate for the Presi-

Section 3 says the national taxation ought to be limited to the aggregate annual sum needed for the interest on the public debt, with adequate annual provision for the payment of the principal of that debt at maturity; for the payment of pensions granted by the United States, and to provide the means for all necessary expenses of an economically accumulation yearly of a large surp the Treasury is proof that the to Republican party requires complete re-vision, and reaffirms the principles contained in the resolutions of the cratic National Convention in

Seney Renominated. CLEVELAND, O., May 10 .- The Fifth District Democratic convention at Sandusky to-day renominated George E. Seney for Congress. The delegates to the St. Louis convention were instructed to vote for Cleveland's renomination.

"Zozo" To-night.

"Zozo, the Magic Queen," will be given at the Opera House this evening. The Louisville Courier Journal says: DAYTON, O., May 10.—The closing day "Zozo" opened to a good house of the Ohio Encampment, Sons of Vet-

of the Ohio Encampment, Sons of Veterans, was marked with spirited contests for all positions to be filled. The brigades made a brilliant display on the street, and were taken by a special train to the Soldiers' Home, where they met with a flattering reception. General Patrick addressed this assembly of boys and veterans, then the brigade returned to the city.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

August Belmont & Co. have ordered \$250,000 in gold for shipment to Europe.

It is probable that the tariff debate in

The High Pressure Reservoir. and opened the bids for excavating and constructing the proposed new high mplates locating on the top of itemized, so much for soft earth excavating, so much for rock excavating, and so much for constructing the wall, it was found to be impossible to arrive at a decision yesterday, and the letting of the contract was postponed.

She Will Always Hate Him.

Merchant Traveller.

"My canary is dead," sobbed a young wife to the boarder who had the room across the hall.

"You don't say so!"

"You the prop "life".

Yes; the poor little thing has uttere his last joyous note. How we will m-miss the little cheery voice in the early m-

The score in the world's chanpionship walking match at midnight last night was: Littlewood, 427; Guerrero, 422; live on one meal a day afterward pri-Herty, 406; Golden, 387; Hughes, 371; Noremsc, 360; Dillon, 356; Campana, 230.